



4-H Dog

Name: _____ 4-H Club _____

1. What do you feed your dog and how often? _____

2. How did you groom and care for your dog? _____

3. Did your dog have any ailments that needed treatment? If so, list them and briefly describe the treatment. _____

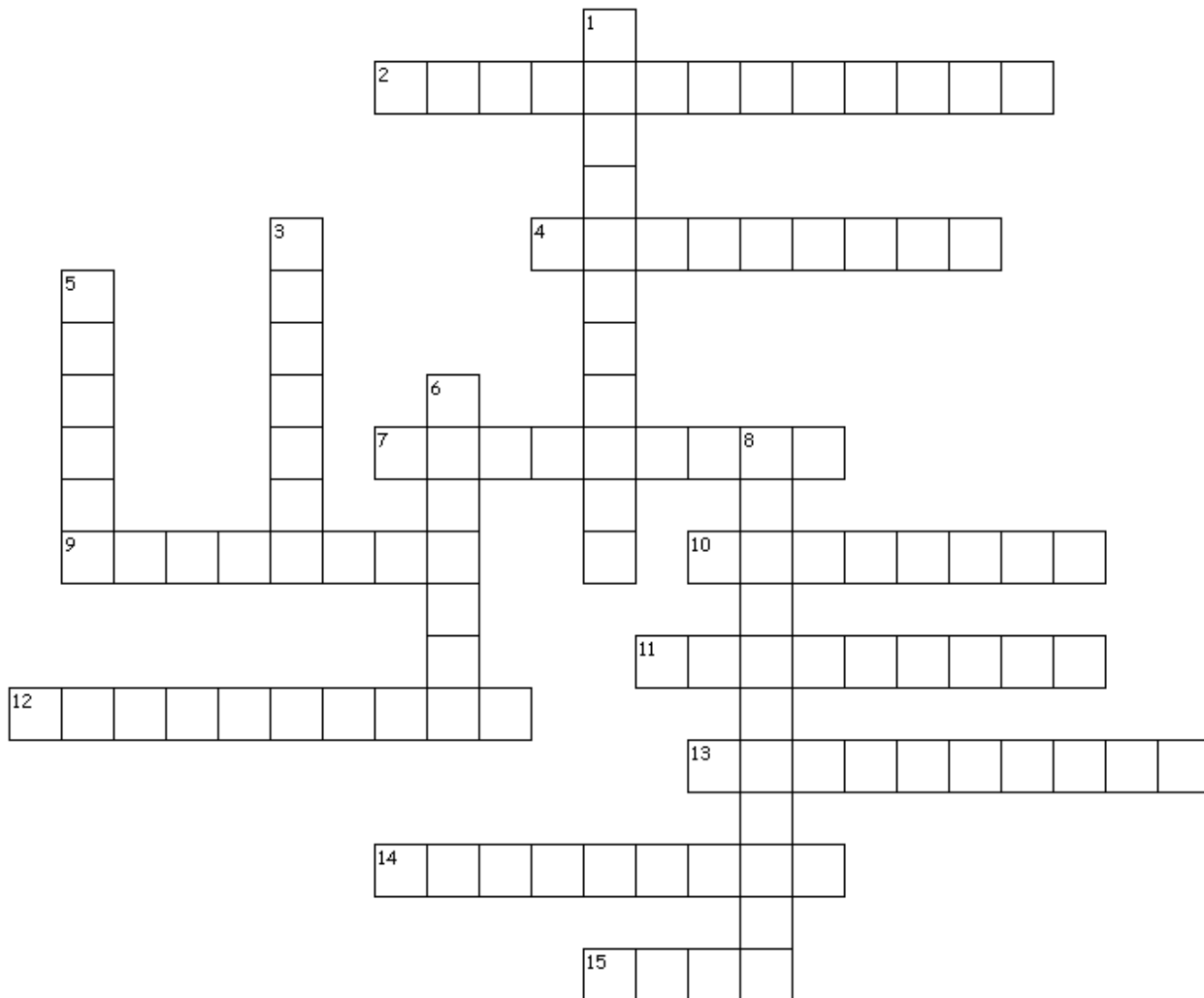
4. When communicating with your dog, why is tone of voice so important? _____

5. Why is it important for a puppy to exercise and play? _____

6. Write the correct grouping for dogs at each level of the Scientific Classification table below.

Kingdom	
Phylum	
Class	
Order	
Family	
Genus	
Species	

Answers found in Dog Resource Handbook 4-H 201R



Across

2. A weak pastern having too much slope for the breed.
4. A tail with a long fringe of hair on the tail that covers either part of the tail.
7. The hocks turn in towards each other and the toes point out.
9. A tail that curls in a circle.
10. Ear carried erect and usually pointed at the top.
11. A tail that extends level with the topline, then drops down and levels off.
12. A dip in the topline between the withers and hips.
13. Eyes look like three-cornered eyes.
14. An ear with a flap that folds forward, with the tip laying close to the skull.
15. The way the top and bottom teeth meet when a dog closes his mouth.

Down

1. Bowed front legs, with elbows out from body, pasterns close together and toes pointing out.
3. A round, compact foot with short digital bones and well-arched toes that are tightly bunched together.
5. An ear that is carried erect with a rounded tip.
6. The dog's outline from just behind the withers to the tail set.
8. Defined as the combined visual effects of ear placement and position on the skull, together with the uses of the ear.