



4-H Dog

Name: _____ 4-H Club _____

1. What do you feed your dog and how often? _____

2. How did you groom and care for your dog? _____

3. Did your dog have any ailments that needed treatment? If so, list them and briefly describe the treatment. _____

4. Describe why each group was developed.

Group 1: Sporting Dogs	
Group 2: Hounds	
Group 3: Working Dogs	
Group 4: Terriers	
Group 5: Toy	
Group 6: Non-sporting	
Group 7: Herding	

5. A dog's sense of _____ is better developed than any other domestic species of animal.

6. _____ or _____ are trained to help people with disabilities.
7. The examination of the outward appearance and external parts of a dog is referred to as _____.
8. Many of the differences between how dogs and humans see can be explained by differences in their _____ and _____.
9. VCPR stands for _____.
10. How should you properly brush a dog? _____
_____.
11. Draw lines below connecting the nutrient with its definition.

Nutrient

Definition

Water	Originates from both plant and animal sources
Fats	These are essential for growth and tissue maintenance.
Carbohydrates	Divided into two categories, macro- and micro-
Protein	Concentrated sources of energy. Too much may cause obesity.
Vitamins	The most important nutrient
Minerals	Most important function this food is to provide energy

12. Many diseases affecting dogs can be prevented by _____.
13. Having your dog walking on a leash on your left side is called _____.
14. _____ is something that lessens the chance of a behavior being repeated and _____ increases the chance of a behavior being repeated.
15. When showing a mixed breed, a 4-H'er should _____
_____.

Answers found in Dog Resource Handbook 4-H 201R