



4-H Swine

Pulaski County
Developed by Whitley County
Record Sheet 1-3
Grade 5

Name: _____ 4-H Club _____

1. Match the swine breeds; write the letter of the breed on the line next to the appropriate description.

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| Established in 1961, looks like Poland China, but has more white on its body. | a. Chester White |
| Long bodied white hogs know as the "mother breed" and produce large litters. | b. Duroc |
| These hogs are large and pure white with medium sized droopy ears. | c. Hampshire |
| These are black with 6 white points on the 4 legs, the tail and nose. | d. Hereford |
| Heavy muscled black hogs with a white belt around the shoulders and covering the front legs. | e. Landrace |
| Solid red with droopy ears and are known to grow quickly and efficiently. | f. Poland China |
| All white with a long body and snout with large floppy ears, known for its mothering ability. | g. Spot |
| To be registered, these hogs must have a white face, at least 2 white feet, and the body must be at least 2/3 red. | h. Yorkshire |

2. Define the following terms:

Barrow: _____

Boar: _____

3. Which of the above can still be used for breeding stock? _____
4. When selecting pigs for your 4-H project, it is important to select ones at the right _____ and _____.
5. The average growth rate of a feeder pig is _____ pounds daily gain.
6. _____ is the general body shape of the pig as determined by its framework or skeleton and muscle structure.
7. Name three hog byproducts used in human medicine.
 1. _____
 2. _____
 3. _____
8. The pig is a simple stomached animal called a _____. The pigs' digestive system is similar in design to what other animal? _____
9. How many pounds of water does a pig need to drink for each pound of feed it eats? _____
10. Pigs will not grow well on corn alone, partly because corn is very low in which amino acid? _____
11. A term commonly used to describe the amount and variety of essential amino acids found in protein is: _____
12. _____ and _____ are the main source of energy in a pig's diet.
13. When handling your animal, where are the two "bad" places to tap your pig?
 1. _____
 2. _____