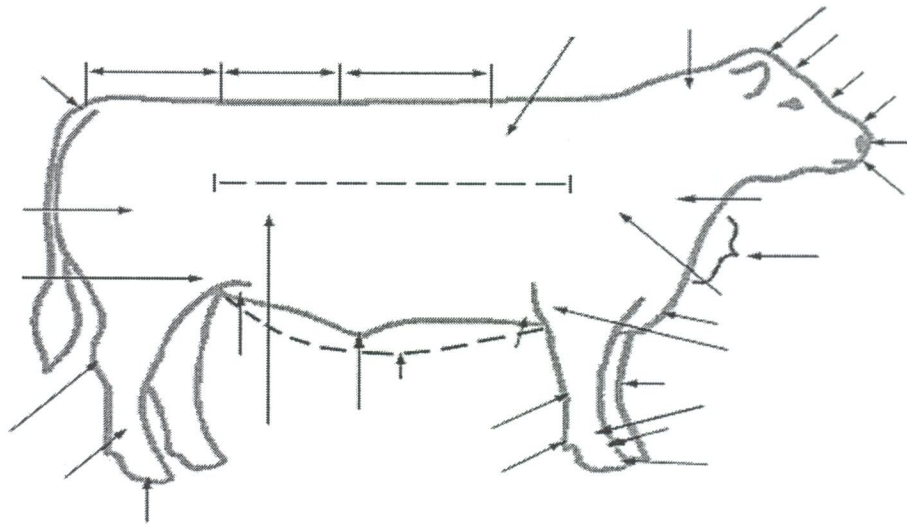


# 4-H Beef Project

Pulaski County  
Developed by DeKalb County  
Record Sheet 1-1  
Grade 4

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ 4-H Club \_\_\_\_\_

## 1. Parts of a Beef Animal



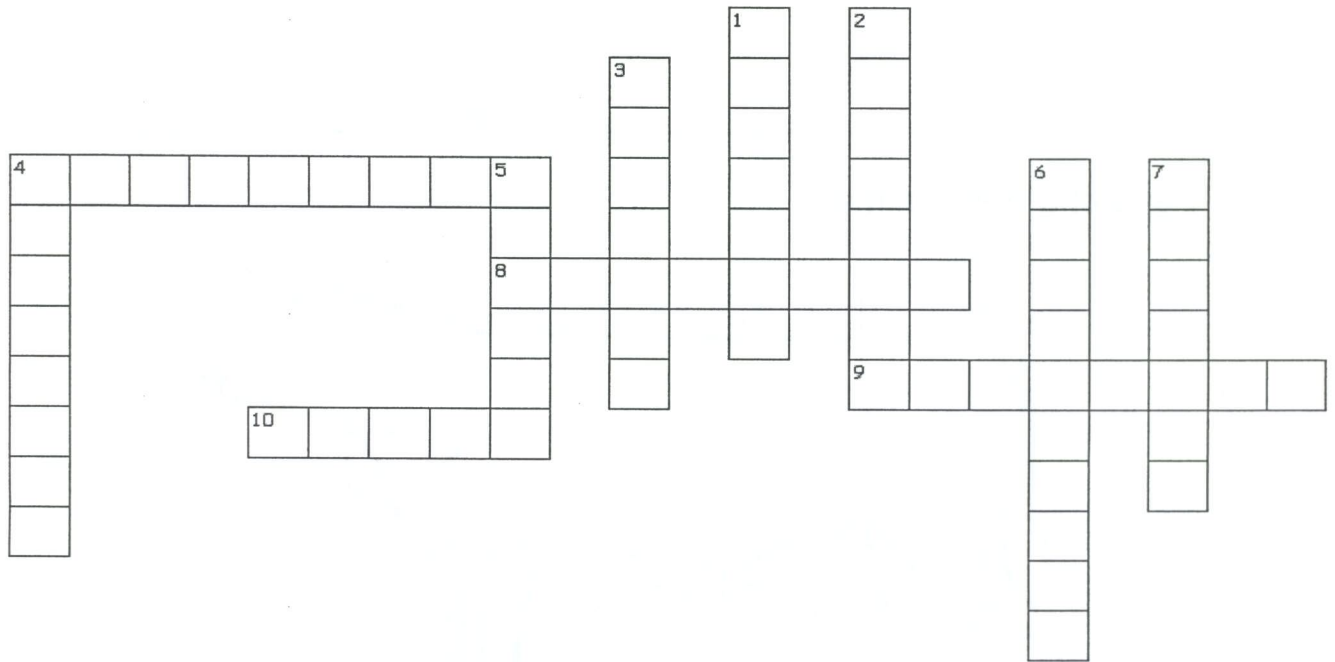
Label the parts from the words listed below:

Poll	Brisket	Pastern	Hook
Muzzle	Knee	Cannon Bone	Rump
Face	Hoof	Hock	Loin
Throat	Belly	Pin	Back

## 2. Draw a line from the term to the current definition.

Sire	Female kept to produce calves
Dam	The father of a calf (bull)
Brood Cow	The mother of a calf (cow)
Dehorn	Elements required by cattle to build bones and teeth and to support other life processes
Minerals	To remove the horns
Ration	A daily mixture of feed ingredients given to cattle

# KNOW YOUR BEEF BREEDS



## Across

4. Arrived in 1936 from Mexico but originated in France. Animals are large and white.
8. Originated in west central France. Solid to golden red in color with lighter circles around the eyes and muzzle.
9. Red and white breed from England, popular for its superior foraging ability, vigor and hardiness.
10. Black polled breed that originated in Scotland and is known for its mothering and carcass quality.

## Down

1. Developed in Louisiana by crossing Brahman and Angus.
2. Originated in Germany. This breed is solid cream to reddish yellow in color.
3. Breed developed in U.S. by crossing Zebu cattle from India with British breeds.
4. Developed in Italy, this breed can be very large in size.
5. This breed is native to Auvergne region of France.
6. Breed originated in northwestern France. The breed is very dark with white markings on head, belly and rear legs.
7. Originated in the counties of Suffolk and Norfolk, England. They are polled and red in color.

Answers to these questions can be found in the "Beef Resource Handbook" 4-H 117R